



CHARACTERISTICS:

CUTRIL-EVO is a product based on Copper in the form of Copper oxychloride. Thanks to the water dispersible granules formulation, this product is extremely simple and safe to use: indeed, during the preparation of the suspension, the possible formation of powder is very limited.

WARNINGS:

Do not apply during full vegetation and flowering on variety of apple, pear, peach and plum that are sensitive to Copper. **CUTRIL-EVO** can be mixed with the most common synthetic pesticides. In case of mixture, it is recommended to test it before large-scale use.

DO NOT MIX WITH PRODUCTS THAT HAVE ALKALINE REACTION.

COMPOSITION	FORMULATION	CLASSIFICATION	PRE-HARVEST INTERVAL	PACKAGING
100 g of product contain: Metal Copper 30 g (in the form of oxychloride) Co-formulants and inerts q.s. to g 100 Authorisation of Ministry of Health: n° 14576 dated 02/07/2009	Water dispersible granule	Warning 	3 days on table tomato, eggplant, bulb vegetables, cucurbits with edible peel, legumes 7 days on leaf vegetables, cucurbits with non-edible peel 10 days on industrial tomato 14 days on olive, potato, cabbages 21 days on grapevine	10 kg sack

Crop	Pathogens	Rates (ml/hl)
Grapevine	Downy mildew, Collateral action against: dead-arm infection, black-rot	200-220 g/hl (2-2,2 kg/ha)
Pome fruit (apple, pear, quince)	Apple scab, branch canker disease, monilinia fructigena, collar rot, pear fire blight	Winter treat. 160-170 g/100 lt (1,92-2,55 kg/ha) Veg. rest 130-140 g/100 lt (1,56-2,1 kg/ha) Fire blight 40-60 g/100 lt (0,54-0,9 kg/ha)
Medlar	<i>Fusicladium eriobotryae</i> or scab	165-220 g/100 lt (1,65-2,64 kg/ha)
Stone fruit (peach, apricot, cherry, plum) only autumn-winter treatments	Peach leaf curl, shot hole disease, monilia disease, black spots, <i>cylindrosporium</i> disease and witches' broom, <i>taphrina pruni</i> , collateral action against bacterial disease	190-200 g/100 lt (1,9-2,4 kg/ha)
Citrus fruit	Collar rot and gummosis, brown rot, sooty mold, anthracnose, collateral action against bacterial canker	165-245 g/hl (1,65-2,45 kg/ha)
Olive	Peacock spot, crown gall disease, sooty mold	190-260 g/100 lt (1,9-2,6 kg/ha)
Actinidia (on dormant plant)	Collar rot, alternaria, bacterial spot, bacterial canker	245 g/100 lt (2,45 kg/ha)
Nuts (walnut, hazelnut, chestnut, almond)	Hazelnut cytospora, <i>Mycosphaerella Maculiformis</i> . Collateral action against bacterial disease	190-200 g/100 lt (1,9-2,0 kg/ha) For almond: 190-200 g/100 lt (1,9-2,4 kg/ha)
Small fruit (blueberry, blackcurrant, raspberry, blackberry, gooseberry)	Septoria leaf spot	190-200 g/100 lt (1,52-2 kg/ha)
Solanaceae (tomato, eggplant)	Tomato: downy mildew, zonal rot, bacterial disease Eggplant: anthracnose or shothole blight	165-185 g/100 lt (1,65-1,85 kg/ha) 130-175 g/100 lt (1,65-1,85 kg/ha)
Cucurbits with edible peel (cucumber, gherkin, zucchini) field and greenhouse with inedible peel (watermelon, melon, pumpkin) only field	Downy mildew, anthracnose, angular leaf spot	130-175 g/100 lt (1,04-1,75 kg/ha)
Bulb vegetables (garlic, onion, pearl onions, shallot)	Downy mildew	130-175 g/100 lt (0,78-1,75 kg/ha)
Leaf vegetables (lettuce, scarole, endive, chicory/radicchio, rocket, spinach)	Alternaria, downy mildew, anthracnose, bacterial rot, bacterial spot	130-175 g/100 lt (0,78-1,75 kg/ha)
Cabbages (cauliflower, broccoli)	Downy mildew, mycosphaerella leaf disease, alternaria. Collateral action against: cabbage black-rot disease	130-175 g/100 lt (0,78-1,75 kg/ha)
Fresh and grain legumes (green bean, bean, pea, broad bean)	Downy mildew, anthracnose. Collateral action against bacterial disease	130-175 g/100 lt (0,78-1,75 kg/ha)
Flowers (rose, carnation, geranium, chrysanthemum, etc.) Ornamental plants (oleander, laurel, etc.) Forest (cypress etc.)	Downy mildew and rose scab, carnation alternaria, laurel desiccation. Collateral action against sooty mold and bacterial disease	130-175 g/100 lt (0,78-1,75 kg/ha)
Cypress	Canker	340-400 g/100 lt (2,72-4 kg/ha)
Potato	Downy mildew, alternaria, bacterial disease	200-245 g/100 lt 2,0-2,45 kg/ha)
Tobacco	Downy mildew, root rot	165-210 g/100 lt (1,65-2,1 kg/ha)

The rates refer to the following volumes per hectare: Grapevine 1000 lt/ha, Fruit crops 1000-1500 lt/ha, Vegetables 600-1000 lt/ha.
Before using the product, carefully read all the instructions on the packaging label.